

# Future participation in the single market: Prospects for Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales

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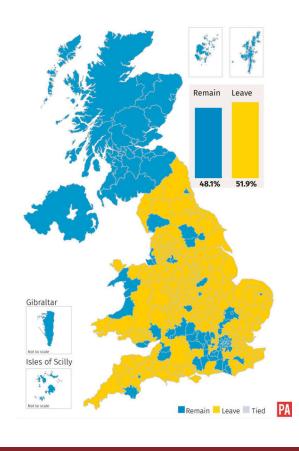


### **Overview**

- 1. Where we were in 2016
- 2. Where we are now: fragmented relationships with the single market
- 3. What options for Scotland/Wales under the status quo?
- 4. What options for Scotland (Wales) in case of independence?



### Where we were in 2016-2018



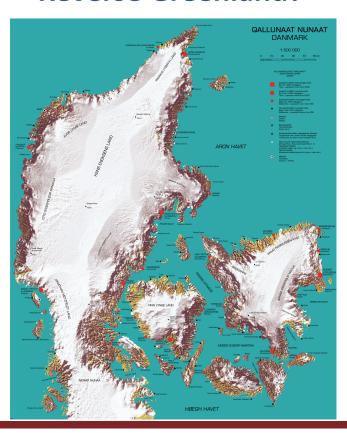
- Calls for a 'special deal' for Scotland
- Scottish Government paper "Scotland's place in Europe"
- No such calls in Wales (though Welsh Labour government was in favour of a 'soft Brexit')
- NI was a bit of a late-starter, but calls for special treatment came as well





### Where we were in 2016

#### **Reverse Greenland?**



**Reverse Svalbard?** 

OR





### Where we are in 2020/21

#### Fragmented relationships with the single market

- Wales, Scotland, and England: Future Relationship Agreement (or no deal)
  - but special arrangements for Irish nationals in the UK/UK nationals in Ireland (Common Travel Area)
- Northern Ireland: Withdrawal Agreement (Protocol on Ireland/NI) + Future Relationship Agreement (or no deal)
  - and special arrangements for Irish nationals in the UK/UK nationals in Ireland (Common Travel Area)



### Where we are in 2020/21

#### Northern Ireland's 'special relationship' with the single market:

- de facto membership of NI in the EU's customs union
  - customs tariffs (determined by EU-UK future relationship) apply for goods going from GB to NI (unless goods are not 'at risk' of being brought into the EU)
  - goods from NI-GB: no customs tariffs or other barriers (Art 6 Protocol)
- free movement of goods applies to NI
  - goods produced in NI must comply with EU regulations (annexed to the Protocol)
  - goods originating in the EU can circulate freely in NI (Art 34 TFEU applies)
  - unclear whether Art 34 applies to goods from NI
- restrictions on state-aid measures in NI (Art 10)
- **Services:** Only provision for single electricity market
- **Persons:** nothing

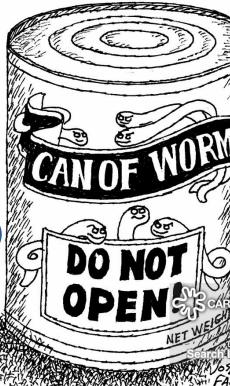




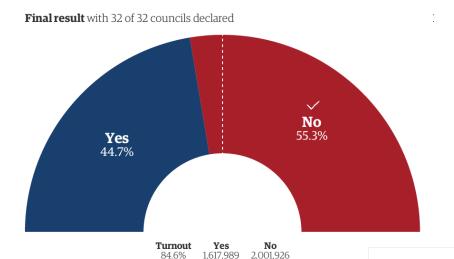
# What options for Scotland/Wales: status quo

- special deals à la 'reverse Greenland/Svalbard'?
  - politically not feasible; legally highly complex
- extension of the NI deal to Scotland/Wales?
  - politically: would EU agree?
    - NI is different (peace process; key concern for another MS)
  - legally:
    - further difference is land border with England (and no land border with EU)
    - would thus result in Scotland/Wales de facto in the EU customs union
      - English border = customs border
    - would result in Scotland/Wales in single market for goods
      - English border = regulatory border
    - Need for checks would arise
      - difference to NI of course: no security concerns, but still a big change in perception





#### Scotland 2014:

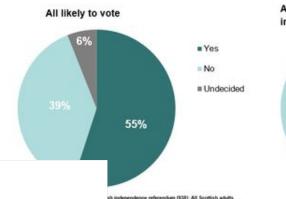


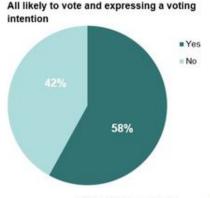
#### Scotland 2020:

#### Support for independence at highest recorded level

If a referendum were held tomorrow about Scotland's constitutional future, how would you vote in response to the following question:

Should Scotland be an independent country?

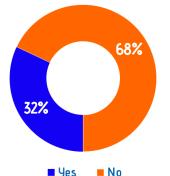




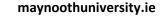
Ipsos MORI



YouGov poll for Yes Cymru · 29 July - 7 August 2020 · 1,044 respondents









#### Link between Scottish independence and EU membership:

 Scottish vote to remain in the EU in 2016 seen by Scottish Government as a 'material change of circumstances':

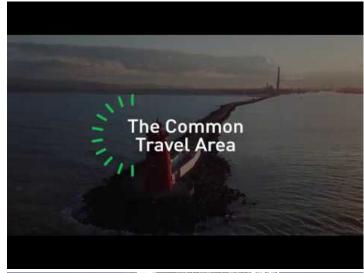
This material change of circumstance is based on:

- the prospect of Scotland leaving the <u>EU</u> against its will, and
- what <u>EU</u> exit has revealed about Scotland's position within the <u>UK</u>.
- On 31 January 2020, First Minister Nicola Sturgeon said:

Today we are asking our friends in Europe to leave a light on for Scotland so we can find our find way home.

#### **Option 1: full EU membership**

- Article 49 TEU Copenhagen criteria
  - geographic <a></a>
  - political
  - economic
  - adoption of the EU acquis potential issues
    - Schengen
    - Economic and Monetary Union







#### **Option 1: full EU membership**

- the Anglo-Scottish border is likely to become an issue
- NB: 'hardness' of the border depends on EU-UK relations What happens at an EU external border?
- checks on persons (if Scotland in Schengen)
  - if Scotland permitted to remain in CTA: not an issue
- checks on goods
  - Scotland would (have to) be in the customs union:
    - customs checks
  - Scotland would (have to) be in the single market
    - regulatory checks
- Broader question of access to the UK internal market







#### **Option 2: EEA membership**

- either as a first step or as final destination
- Anglo-Scottish border would be 'softer':
  - Person checks:
    Schengen not part of the EEA deal (though all EEA states in Schengen)
    - separate association agreements with EU; e.g. Liechtenstein only joined in 2011
  - Goods checks:
    - no customs union under EEA
      - would allow Scotland to have special free trade arrangements with rUK
      - limited customs checks might still become necessary, depending on overall EU-UK relations and ROO
    - regulatory checks would remain, however (single market)
      - yet these could be fairly soft-touch (and conducted away from the border)





# Thank you for listening

